

FORM PTO-1390 (REV 11-98)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 36-1368
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. APPLICATION NO. TO KNOW (see 37 C.F.R. 1.5) 097 674 682 (To Be Assigned)
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB99/01732	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 1 June 1999	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 2 June 1998
TITLE OF INVENTION DATA NETWORK ACCESS		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US BERRIE et al.		
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:		
1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.		
2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.		
3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).		
4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19 th month from the earliest claimed priority date.		
5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).		
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).		
6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).		
7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).		
a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.		
8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).		
9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).		
10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).		
Items 11. To 16. Below concern document(s) or information included:		
11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98.		
12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included.		
13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.		
14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.		
15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.		
16. <input type="checkbox"/> Other items or information.		

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.55)

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

(To Be Assigned)

PCT/GB99/01732

36-1368

17. ☒ The following fees are submitted:

CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 C.F.R. 1.492(a)(1)-(5):

- Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) nor international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO\$1000.00
- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO.....\$860.00
- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$710.00
- International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)\$690.00
- International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4).....\$100.00

ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =

\$ 860.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)).

\$ 0.00

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total Claims	17	-20 = 0	X \$18.00
Independent Claims	4	-3 = 1	X \$80.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS(S) (if applicable)			\$270.00

\$ 0.00

80.00

\$ 0.00

TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =

\$ 940.00

Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. A Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 C.F.R. 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).

0.00

SUBTOTAL =

\$ 940.00

Processing fee of \$130.00, for furnishing the English Translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(f)).

0.00

TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =

\$ 940.00

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 C.F.R. 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 C.F.R. 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +

\$ 40.00

Fee for Petition to Revive Unintentionally Abandoned Application (\$1240.00 - Small Entity = \$620.00)

\$ 0.00

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =

\$ 980.00

Amount to be:
refunded \$

Charged \$

- a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$980.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1140 in the amount of \$_____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed.
- c. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 14-1140. A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed.
- d. ☐ The entire content of the foreign application(s), referred to in this application is/are hereby incorporated by reference in this application.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

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REGISTRATION NUMBER

November 3, 2000

Date

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

BERRIE et al.

Atty. Ref.: **36-1368**

Serial No. **(To Be Assigned)**

Group:

National Phase of **PCT/GB99/01732**

Filed: **November 3, 2000**

Examiner:

For: **DATA NETWORK ACCESS**

November 3, 2000

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Prior to calculation of the filing fee and in order to place the above identified application in better condition for examination, please amend the claims as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Claim 5, line 1, change "any preceding claim" to --claim 1--,

Claim 6, line 1, change "any preceding claim" to --claim 1--,

Claim 7, line 1, change "any preceding claim" to --claim 1--,

Claim 11, line 1, change "any one of claims 8 to 10" to --claim 8--,

Claim 12, line 1, change "any one of claims 8 to 11" to --claim 8--,

Claim 17, line 1, change "any one of claims 14 to 16" to --claim 14--.

REMARKS

The above amendments are made to place the claims in a more traditional format.

Respectfully submitted,

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2/PR/19

DATA NETWORK ACCESS

This invention relates to a method of providing a connection between a user's terminal connected to a telephone network and a data network through an
5 interface which is connected to both the telephone network and the data network. This invention also relates to an interface for providing such a connection service.

The most widespread data network in use at present is the well-known public Internet. User's computers operated by individuals from their homes or individuals belonging to a small organisation are usually connected to the Internet
10 by a dial-up connection through a telephone network to an interface known as a point-of-presence. In presently known arrangements, the point-of-presence requires the user's computer to provide both a user name and password for authentication before it will connect the user's computer to the public Internet. Some users find it inconvenient to establish a user name and password before
15 gaining access to the public Internet.

It will be well known that the so-called Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) is a datalink protocol that allows IP traffic to be carried over serial lines. See, for example, Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Request For Comments (RFC) 1661. PPP provides for two types of password authentication, Password
20 Authentication Protocol (PAP) and Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP). See further, for example, IETF RFC 1334.

A typical Internet Service Provider (ISP) at the present time will thus permit a user to connect to the Internet by means of a connection over a telephone network to a so-called Network Access Server (NAS) using PPP. The
25 NAS will then allow a connection to the Internet on condition that the user is authenticated.

If, for example, PAP authentication is utilised, the user will send a username and a plaintext password to the NAS. A process of authentication will then take place to ascertain whether or not that password is the valid password
30 for the username in question. Authentication may, for example, take place through the use of a so-called Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) server. See yet further, for example, IETF RFC 2138. In this case, the NAS would pass the username and password to the RADIUS server and the RADIUS server would authenticate the username on the basis of comparing the password provided with

the stored password corresponding to that username. If the password provided and the stored password match, then the RADIUS server would indicate to the NAS that that user had been authenticated and that the NAS may validly provide the user's computer with a network address, to allow subsequent access to the
5 network.

CHAP authentication is considerably more secure than PAP authentication in that it does not send the plaintext password over the PPP link. CHAP authentication instead relies upon a comparison of the results of a particular computation performed upon a user's password by the user's computer and, with
10 for example a RADIUS server, upon the stored password by the RADIUS server.

It may be the case that a user's password is the not the only authenticated attribute upon which access to a data network depends. A number of other attributes are known. The above mentioned IETF RFC 2138, for example, recites a list of such attributes. It is to be noted however that it is there provided,
15 as was the opinion before the advent of the present invention, that, in these circumstances, for any user to be allowed access, verification of the user's password must always take place.

It will thus be appreciated that since such present day authentication relies upon the user's username and password, the means of authentication must
20 already have a record of the user's username and password. As mentioned above, to gain access to, for example, the public Internet would thus inconveniently require that a user have a pre-established relationship with an Internet Service Provider.

According to one aspect of this invention there is provided a method of
25 providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone network and said telephone network being connected to said data network through an interface, said method comprising the steps of:

in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a
30 terminal telephone number, creating a connection through said telephone network between said terminal and said interface;

said interface ascertaining said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

said interface checking that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service;

in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said
5 valid interface telephone numbers, said interface allocating a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal; and

said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network .

With this invention, a user's computer can thus be connected to a data
10 network without verification of a user name or password being necessary. Authentication is instead advantageously carried out on the basis of the telephone number dialled by the user's terminal to gain access to the connection service.

According to another aspect of this invention, there is provided a method of providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said
15 terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone network and said telephone network being connected to said data network through an interface, said method comprising the steps of:

in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a terminal telephone number, said interface receiving a connection through said
20 telephone network from said terminal;

said interface ascertaining said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

said interface checking that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection
25 service;

in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface telephone numbers, said interface allocating a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal; and

said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data
30 network .

According to yet another aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to an access network and said

access network being connected to said data network through an interface, said method comprising the steps of:

in response to said terminal calling an interface access network address from a terminal access network address, said interface receiving a connection
5 through said access network from said terminal;

said interface ascertaining an access network connection route attribute from said access network;

said interface checking that said access network connection route attribute is one of one or more valid access network connection route attributes
10 associated with said connection service;

in the event that said access network connection route attribute is one of said valid access network connection route attributes, said interface allocating a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal; and

15 said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network .

According to yet another aspect of the invention, there is provided an interface for providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone network and
20 said telephone network being connected to said data network through said interface, said interface comprising:

means arranged to receive a connection through said telephone network from said terminal in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a terminal telephone number;

25 means arranged to ascertain said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

means arranged to check that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service;

30 means responsive to said checking means arranged to allocate a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface telephone numbers; and

means arranged to provide a connection between said terminal and said data network.

This invention will now be described in more detail, by way of example, with reference to the drawings in which:

5 Figure 1 is a block diagram of the components which are used to form a connection between a user's terminal and the public Internet in accordance with this invention; and

Figure 2 is a flow chart showing the operations which are used with the arrangement of Figure 1 to form a connection between the user's terminal and the
10 public Internet.

Referring now to Figure 1, there is shown a user's terminal 1 which is connected to a public telephone network 2. The user's terminal 1 may be connected on a digital or ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) line or on an analogue line. Where the connection is on an analogue line, the user's terminal 1
15 is connected to the telephone network 2 through a modem.

The arrangement shown in Figure 1 also includes an interface known as a point-of-presence 3 comprising a network access server 4 and an authentication server 5. The point-of-presence 3 is connected to both the telephone network 2 and the public Internet 6. It will be appreciated that the public Internet 6 is shown
20 by way of only one example of any number of such suitable data networks which might instead be connected to the network access server 4. By way of an alternative an authentication server 5 might perform authentication for more than one network access server 4, each such network access server 4 at the respective points-of-presence 3 being connected to a single such authentication server 5.
25 Each of the servers 4 and 5 is a computer configured so as to provide the functionality described below. The authentication server 5 may, for example, be based upon a conventional RADIUS server, but modified in accordance with the invention. The network access server 4 includes a bank of modems for receiving calls on analogue lines.

30 By way of illustration, Figure 1 shows another user's computer 7 and also a further server computer 8 connected to the public Internet 6.

The telephone network 2 has a telephone service billing system 9. The operation of the billing system 9 will be described below.

The point-of-presence 3 is thus associated with an Internet Service Provider. The telephone network 2 and the point-of-presence 3 may be associated with the same operator or with different operators.

As is well-known, computers connected to the Internet can transmit
5 messages to each other using Internet protocols. These include the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) and the Internet Protocol (IP). Computers connected to the Internet can also retrieve information pages stored on server computers, such as the server computer 8, using higher level protocols. Several higher level protocols have been established for retrieving information pages and these include the File
10 Transfer Protocol (FTP) and the now very well-known Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP). Pages which are transmitted using the Hypertext Transfer Protocol are stored using the well-known Hypertext Mark-up Language (HTML). In order to retrieve such pages, a user's computer needs a suitable browser such as the well-known Netscape browser. One particular combination of the public Internet 6 and
15 server computers connected to it and from which such information pages may be retrieved has become known as the World Wide Web (WWW). Information pages which may be retrieved from such server computers are commonly known as Web pages.

As indicated above, connection service methods known at the present
20 time involving authentication on the basis of a username and password require a username and password to be stored at the point-of-presence or otherwise to be available therefrom prior to any connection session. As will become clear, in accordance with the invention this inconvenience is avoided. No pre-existing record of a username and a password for each user is required.

As will be explained, authentication instead takes place on the basis of a
25 dialled telephone number. This merely requires that a record of pre-arranged valid connection service access telephone numbers instead be stored. This might, for example, take place through the operator of the point-of-presence storing such an access telephone number at the point-of-presence and then offering a connection
30 service through that access telephone number. Alternatively, a third party, by prior arrangement with the point-of-presence operator and the telephone network operator if different, might be assigned a connection service access telephone number which is then stored at the point-of-presence.

Referring now to Figure 2, there are shown the operations which are to be performed in providing a connection service for creating a connection between, for example, a user's terminal 1, and the public Internet 6.

In a first step 20, the user's terminal 1 dials a connection service access telephone number. This may, for example, be an ordinary local access telephone number or a special rate telephone number. The user of the user's terminal 1 may find it convenient to configure the terminal 1 with this dedicated telephone number. Alternatively, it may be possible to pre-configure the particular connection service access software used by the user's terminal 1 to call the desired telephone number.

Then, in a second step 21, the telephone network 2 forms a connection between the user's terminal 1 and the network access server 4 in the point-of-presence 3. It will be appreciated that this may occur in a number of ways. In the first place, the telephone number called by the user's terminal 1 may simply connect directly with the network access server 4. Alternatively, by prior arrangement, the telephone network 2 may be configured such that, when a user's terminal 1 calls the dialled telephone number, the telephone network 2 associates the called number with a different telephone number. The connection with the network access server 4 may then be completed using this different telephone number. Such number translation functionality will be known from the International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee (CCITT) Common-Channel Signalling System No.7. It will be further appreciated that, for example, a number of such dedicated telephone numbers may be translated into a single access telephone number for the network access server 4.

Once the call initiated by the user's terminal 1 has been connected to the network access server 4, the network access server 4 then proceeds in a third step 22 to ascertain the telephone number to which the user's terminal 1 placed the call. Such dialled number functionality, commonly referred to as Dialled Number Information Service (DNIS), will be known from the International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee (CCITT) Common-Channel Signalling System No.7.

It is to be noted that it may be the case that one of the above mentioned password authentication protocols is utilised at least as far as management of the link between the user's terminal 1 and the network access server 4 is concerned.

This, for the purposes of the invention, would merely have the effect of providing a username and a dummy password associated with the user's terminal to the network access server 4.

Next, in a fourth step 23, the network access server 4 sends the associated authentication server 5 a message requesting access in respect of the user's terminal 1. This message will contain the number dialled by the user's terminal 1. This message will not however contain a password uniquely associated with the user's terminal 1 as required in these circumstances prior to the advent of the present invention. Whilst it is possible to deem the whole or a portion of the dialled telephone number to be an "effective password", this cannot function as a password in the sense prevailing prior to the advent of the present invention as it cannot provide for a unique identification on a per user or per user's terminal basis.

In a fifth step 24, the authentication server 5 then checks to see if this dialled telephone number is one of one or more valid telephone numbers that are stored on the authentication server 5. As indicated above, these one or more valid telephone numbers will have been stored by prior arrangement and will be associated with either the point-of-presence operator itself or with a third party.

Thus if, for example, a dummy password had been passed to the network access server 4 from the user's terminal 1, this password would then be ignored for the purposes of the authentication process. Further, if, for example, a third party had reached a prior arrangement with the point-of-presence operator as indicated above, then the third party might have distributed connection service access software to potential customers of the connection service. This access software might have been pre-configured with a username corresponding to the third party. If this username had then been passed to the network access server 4, the point-of-presence could utilise the username to record usage information as to proportions of traffic originating with respective third party customers.

If the dialled telephone number is not one of the one or more valid telephone numbers then the connection has not been made on a valid telephone number and in a sixth step 25, the authentication server 5 returns a message to the network access server 4 that access is to be denied. In a seventh step 26, the user of the user's terminal 1 is informed that access has been denied by transmitting a message to the user's terminal 1.

If however the dialled telephone number is one of the one or more valid telephone numbers, then the connection has been received on a valid telephone number and in an eighth step 27, the authentication server 5 returns a message to the network access server 4 that access is to be allowed. In a ninth step 28, the
5 network access server 4 then allocates an Internet Protocol network address to the user's terminal 1 and transmits this address to the user's terminal 1.

Finally, in a tenth step 29, the network access server 4 forms a connection between the user's terminal 1 and the Internet 6. The network access server 4 then permits messages to pass between the user's terminal 1 and the
10 public Internet 6. Where such a message is being transmitted from the user's terminal 1 to the public Internet 6, it will contain the allocated Internet network address as the source address. Where the message is being passed from the public Internet 6 to the user's terminal 1, it will include the allocated Internet network address as the destination address. The user's computer can then
15 transmit messages to other user's computers, such as the other user's computer 7 connected to the public Internet 6 using the Internet protocols mentioned above. The user's terminal 1 can also retrieve information pages from server computers, such as the server computer 8.

In an additional step in the authentication process, the network access
20 server 4 may also ascertain the telephone number from which the user's terminal 1 placed the call. Such calling number functionality, commonly referred to as Calling Line Identity (CLI), will be known from the International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee (CCITT) Common-Channel Signalling System No.7. The authentication server 5 may then, for example, compare the telephone
25 number from which the user's terminal 1 placed the call with one or more stored telephone numbers which represent barred numbers. If the telephone number from which the user's terminal 1 placed the call is present on the list of such barred numbers then the authentication server 5 will not proceed to perform the authentication check on the basis of the telephone number which was dialled by
30 the user's terminal 1. The authentication server 5 will instead return a message to the network access server 4 that access is to be denied. The network access server 4 may then send such an access denied message to the user's terminal 1. It will be appreciated that this pre-authentication check could instead test the number from which the user's terminal 1 made the call against a restricted group

of one or more numbers from which network access requests are allowed to be made. It will be further appreciated that the authentication process described above in terms of the dialled number (DNIS) could be carried out instead on the basis of the calling number (CLI).

- 5 The arrangement shown in Figure 1 is capable of providing more than one type of connection service. Each of these services may have its own dedicated telephone number.

10 In a basic service, the user's terminal 1 may be given general access to the public Internet 6. Where a user is using this basic service, the user of the user's terminal 1 may be charged at, for example, an ordinary local access rate for the use of the connection through the telephone network 2 to the point-of-presence 3. The user will be billed at this rate on the number from which the user's terminal placed the connection service access call by the telephone service billing system 9. Where the point-of-presence 3 and the telephone network 2 are
15 owned by separate organisations, the telephone service billing system 9 may typically credit the owner of the Internet service provider with part of the call charge.

20 The arrangement shown in Figure 1 can also provide further services. Some information service providers require a payment for providing information. In a first further service, the network access server 4 provides access to one or a predefined set of server computers which provide information supplied by an information service provider and for which a payment is required. With this first further service, the call connection tariff includes a component to cover the payment required by the information service provider. The telephone service
25 billing system 9 is arranged to credit part of the call charge to the information service provider. Thus, with this first further service, the user's terminal 1 gains access both to computers which can be accessed by general users of the Internet 6 as well as the one or predefined set of server computers mentioned above.

30 In a second further service, the user's terminal 1 may only be given access to one or a set of server computers which contain advertising material supplied by an information service provider. With this second service, the call tariff may be either at a reduced rate or a free rate with the information service provider paying some or all of the call charge. With this second service, the telephone service billing system 9 is arranged to charge the information service

provider for some or all of the call charge. Thus, with this second service, the user's terminal 1 gains access to just one server or to a set of servers which are restricted in comparison with the servers which can be accessed by general users of the Internet 6.

- 5 In further services, yet further arrangements of restricted or expanded access to network servers may be envisaged. Such further services may be effected, as above, through a specification of the network addresses to which an authenticated user's terminal 1 has access. Likewise further charging arrangements commensurate with further business models may also be envisaged.
- 10 The connection time telephone network billing system element of the network access charge might, for example, be reduced to zero in the basic service, in favour of, for example, a fixed monthly charge.

Each such service or indeed the same or similar services offered by different operators may each have their own associated connection service access
15 telephone number.

- It is to be noted that authentication according to the invention can be performed not only in terms of the dialled telephone number (DNIS) and/or the dialling telephone number (CLI) but also on the basis of other attributes associated with the connection service access route. Examples of other such attributes
20 include, for example, the Network Access Server IP address or the Network Access Server Identifier, indicating the network termination point. Similarly, when access technologies other than, for example, PSTN or ISDN, are utilised, the similarly associated access route attributes of a connection service based on this access technology can be used for such authentication.

- 25 Such associated access route attributes will share the above illustrated advantages associated with authentication on a dialled number. Again, all that will be required for access to the desired data network will be that the correct access route attribute be presented to the authentication server, in like fashion with the above illustrated embodiment where, rather than having to dial a valid connection
30 telephone number and have further attributes checked (which might be subject to change, either deliberate or accidental, by a user), dialling a valid connection service telephone number will alone suffice for connection to the data network of choice.

CLAIMS

1. A method of providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone network and
5 said telephone network being connected to said data network through an interface, said method comprising the steps of:

in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a terminal telephone number, creating a connection through said telephone network
10 between said terminal and said interface;

said interface ascertaining said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

- 15 said interface checking that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service;

in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said
20 valid interface telephone numbers, said interface allocating a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal; and

said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network .

25

2. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein in said step of said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network, said connection is associated with a predefined set of data network addresses in said data network.

30

3. A method as claimed in claim 2 in which each said valid interface telephone number has an associated predefined set of data network addresses.

4. A method as claimed in claim 3 further including the step of arranging a telephone network billing system to charge for access to each said valid interface telephone number at an associated pre-defined tariff.

- 5 5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim in which, in the step of creating a connection through said telephone network between said terminal and said interface, said telephone network is arranged to associate said dialled interface telephone number with a further interface telephone number, said further interface telephone number being used to complete said connection.

10

6. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, further comprising the steps of:

said interface ascertaining said terminal telephone number;

- 15 said interface checking that said terminal telephone number is not one of one or more invalid terminal telephone numbers associated with said connection service; and

in the event that said terminal telephone number is one of said one or
20 more invalid terminal telephone numbers, said interface denying a connection between said terminal and said data network.

7. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which said interface is comprised by data network access means connected to both said telephone
25 network and said data network and authentication means, including the steps of:

said data network access means ascertaining said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

- 30 passing said ascertained dialled interface telephone number to said authentication means;

said authentication means checking that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service; and

5 in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface telephone numbers, said authentication means causing said data network access means to allocate a data network address to said terminal and to transmit said address to said terminal.

10 8. A method of providing a connection service between a terminal and a data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone network and said telephone network being connected to said data network through an interface, said method comprising the steps of:

15 in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a terminal telephone number, said interface receiving a connection through said telephone network from said terminal;

20 said interface ascertaining said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

25 said interface checking that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service;

 in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface telephone numbers, said interface allocating a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal; and

30 said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network .

9. A method as claimed in claim 8 wherein in said step of said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data network, said

connection is associated with a predefined set of data network addresses in said data network.

10. A method as claimed in claim 9 in which each said valid interface
5 telephone number has an associated predefined set of data network addresses.

11. A method as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10, further comprising the steps of:

10 said interface ascertaining said terminal telephone number;

said interface checking that said terminal telephone number is not one of one or more invalid terminal telephone numbers associated with said connection service; and

15 in the event that said terminal telephone number is one of said one or more invalid terminal telephone numbers, said interface denying a connection between said terminal and said data network.

12. A method as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 11, in which said interface
20 is comprised by data network access means connected to both said telephone network and said data network and authentication means, including the steps of:

said data network access means ascertaining said dialled interface
25 telephone number from said telephone network;

passing said ascertained dialled interface telephone number to said authentication means;

said authentication means checking that said dialled interface telephone
30 number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said connection service; and

in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface telephone numbers, said authentication means causing said data

network access means to allocate a data network address to said terminal and to transmit said address to said terminal.

13. A method of providing a connection service between a terminal and a data
5 network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to an access network and
said access network being connected to said data network through an interface,
said method comprising the steps of:

in response to said terminal calling an interface access network address
10 from a terminal access network address, said interface receiving a connection
through said access network from said terminal;

said interface ascertaining an access network connection route attribute
from said access network;

15 said interface checking that said access network connection route
attribute is one of one or more valid access network connection route attributes
associated with said connection service;

20 in the event that said access network connection route attribute is one of
said valid access network connection route attributes, said interface allocating a
data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said
terminal; and

25 said interface providing a connection between said terminal and said data
network .

14. An interface for providing a connection service between a terminal and a
data network, said terminal being arranged to be connected to a telephone
30 network and said telephone network being connected to said data network
through said interface, said interface comprising:

means arranged to receive a connection through said telephone network from said terminal in response to said terminal dialling an interface telephone number from a terminal telephone number;

5 means arranged to ascertain said dialled interface telephone number from said telephone network;

means arranged to check that said dialled interface telephone number is one of one or more valid interface telephone numbers associated with said
10 connection service;

means responsive to said checking means arranged to allocate a data network address to said terminal and transmitting said address to said terminal in the event that said dialled interface telephone number is one of said valid interface
15 telephone numbers; and

means arranged to provide a connection between said terminal and said data network .

20 15. An interface as claimed in claim 14 wherein said means arranged to provide a connection between said terminal and said data network, is arranged to associate said connection with a predefined set of data network addresses in said data network.

25 16. An interface as claimed in claim 15 in which each said valid interface telephone number has an associated predefined set of data network addresses.

17. An interface as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 16, further comprising:

30 means arranged to ascertain said terminal telephone number;

means arranged to check that said terminal telephone number is not one of one or more invalid terminal telephone numbers associated with said connection service; and

5

10

[illegible]

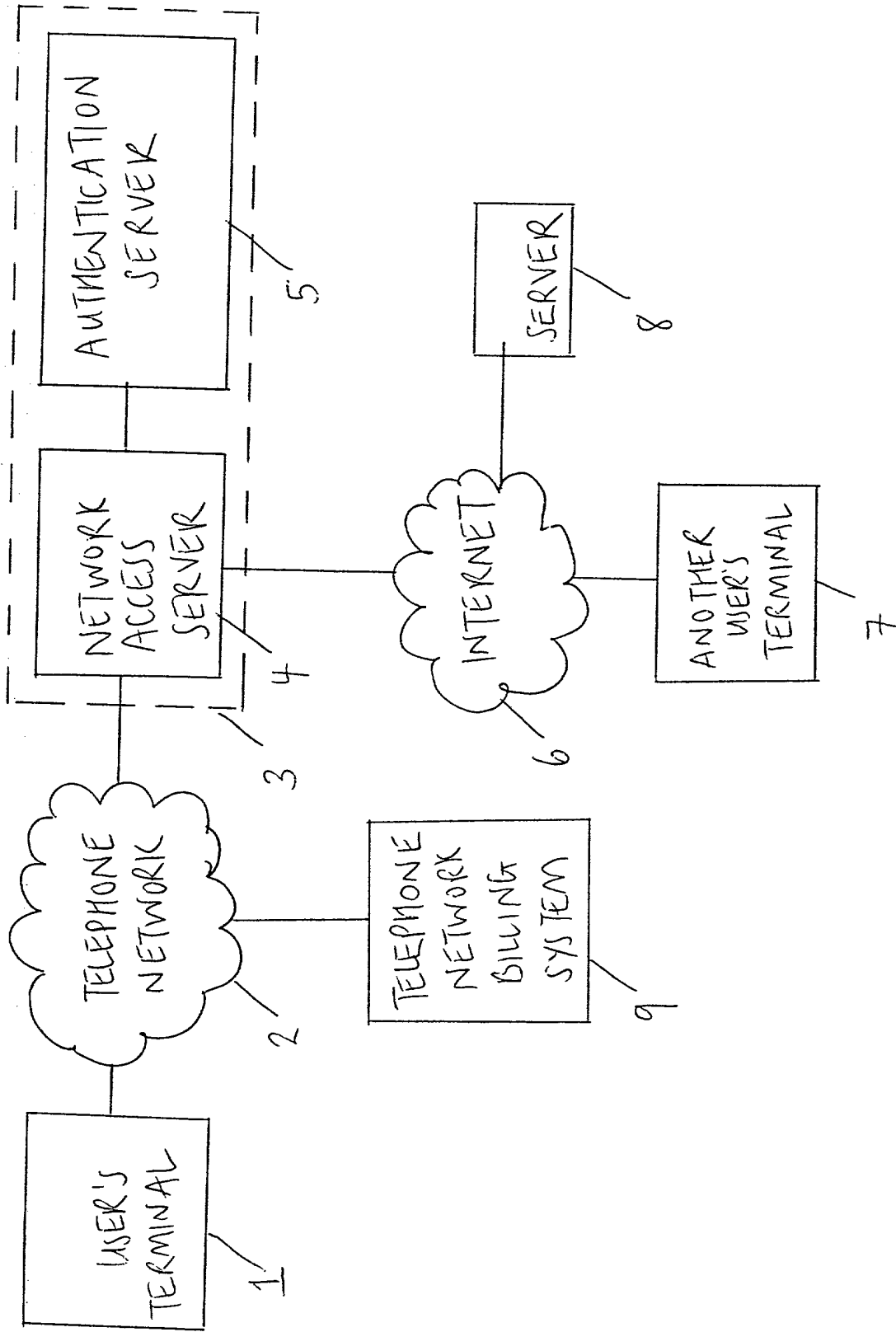


FIGURE 1.

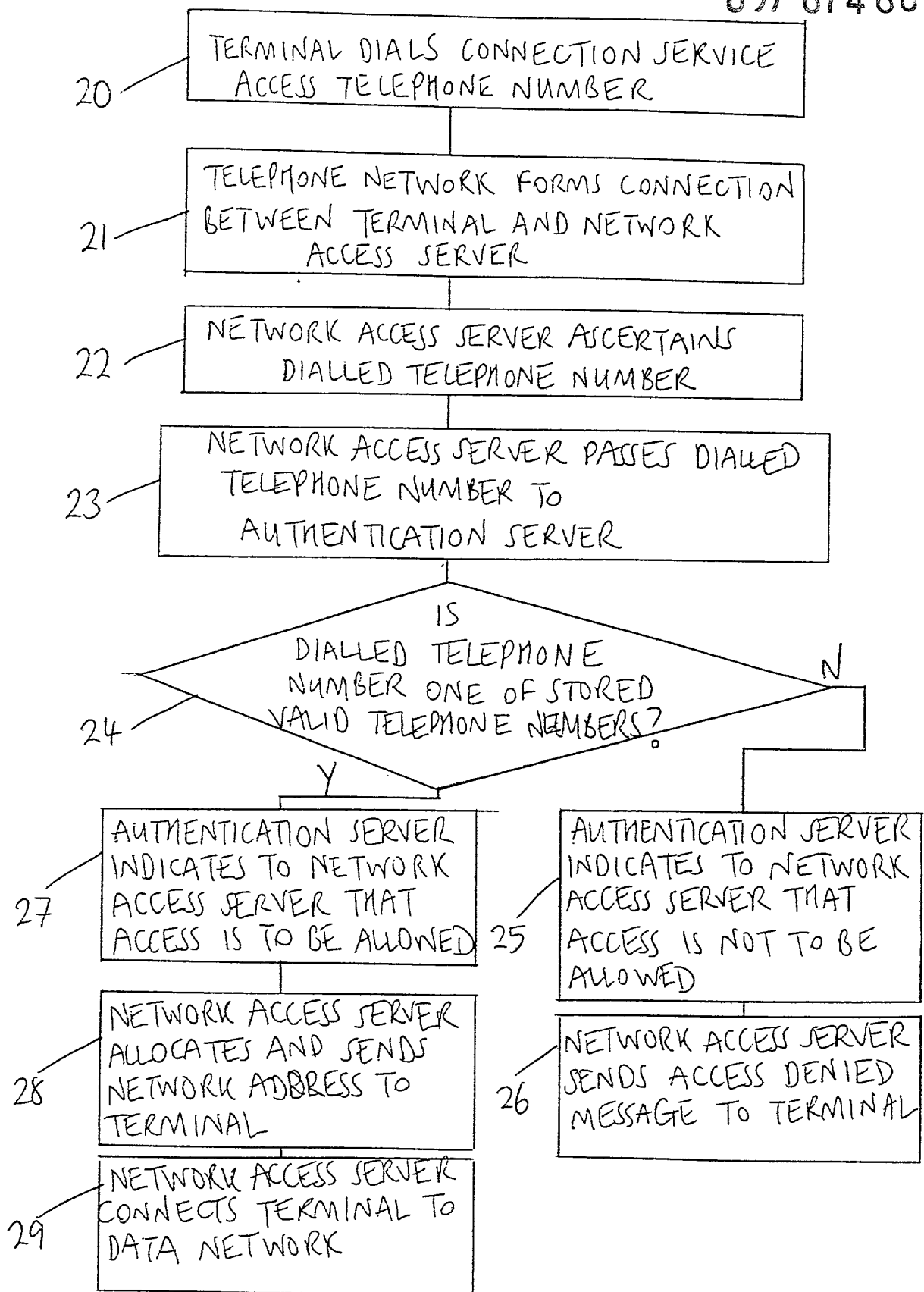


FIGURE 2.

RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63)
DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION
IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: DATA NETWORK ACCESS
the specification of which (check applicable box(es)):

☐ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as U.S. Application Serial No. _____

☒ was filed as PCT international application No. PCT/ GB99/01732 on 1 JUNE 1999

and (if applicable to U.S. or PCT application) was amended on _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119/365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed or, if no priority is claimed, before the filing date of this application:

Prior Foreign Application(s):

Application Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed
<u>9811862.3</u>	<u>GREAT BRITAIN</u>	<u>2 June 1998</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number	Day/Month/Year Filed

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120/365 of all prior United States and PCT international applications listed above or below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in such prior applications in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior applications and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S./PCT Application(s):

Application Serial No.	Day/Month/Year Filed	Status: patented, pending, abandoned
<u>PCT/GB99/01732</u>	<u>1 JUNE 1999</u>	<u>PENDING</u>

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. And I hereby appoint NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 1100 North Glebe Road, 8th Floor, Arlington, VA 22201-4714, telephone number (703) 816-4000 (to whom all communications are to be directed), and the following attorneys thereof (of the same address) individually and collectively my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and with the resulting patent: Arthur R. Crawford, 25327; Larry S. Nixon, 25640; Robert A. Vanderhye, 27076; James T. Hosmer, 30184; Robert W. Faris, 31352; Richard G. Besha, 22770; Mark E. Nusbaum, 32348; Michael J. Keenan, 32106; Bryan H. Davidson, 30251; Stanley C. Spooner, 27393; Leonard C. Mitchard, 29009; Duane M. Byers, 33363; Paul J. Henon, 33626; Jeffry H. Nelson, 30481; John R. Lastova, 33149; H. Warren Burnam Jr., 29366; Thomas E. Byrne, 32205; Mary J. Wilson, 32955; J. Scott Davidson, 33489; Alan M. Kagen, 36178; William J. Griffith, 31260; Robert A. Molan, 29834.

- Inventor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

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Please do not detach

RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.6)
DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION
IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **DATA NETWORK ACCESS** the specification of which (check applicable box(es)):

☐ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as U.S. Application Serial No. _____

☒ was filed as PCT international application No. PCT/ GB99/01732 on 1 JUNE 1999

and (if applicable to U.S. or PCT application) was amended on _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119/365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed or, if no priority is claimed, before the filing date of this application:

Prior Foreign Application(s):

Application Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed
9811862.3	GREAT BRITAIN	2 June 1998

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number	Day/Month/Year Filed

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120/365 of all prior United States and PCT international applications listed above or below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in such prior applications in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior applications and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S./PCT Application(s):

Application Serial No.	Day/Month/Year Filed	Status: patented, pending, abandoned
PCT/GB99/01732	1 JUNE 1999	PENDING

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. And I hereby appoint **NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 1100 North Glebe Road, 8th Floor, Arlington, VA 22201-4714, telephone number (703) 816-4000** (to whom all communications are to be directed), and the following attorneys thereof (of the same address) individually and collectively my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and with the resulting patent: Arthur R. Crawford, 25327; Larry S. Nixon, 25640; Robert A. Vanderhye, 27076; James T. Hosmer, 30184; Robert W. Faris, 31352; Richard G. Besha, 22770; Mark E. Nusbaum, 32348; Michael J. Keenan, 32106; Bryan H. Davidson, 30251; Stanley C. Spooner, 27393; Leonard C. Mitchard, 29009; Duane M. Byers, 33363; Paul J. Henon, 33626; Jeffry H. Nelson, 30481; John R. Lastova, 33149; H. Warren Burnam Jr., 29366; Thomas E. Byrne, 32205; Mary J. Wilson, 32955; J. Scott Davidson, 33489; Alan M. Kagen, 36178; William J. Griffith, 31260; Robert A. Molan, 29834.

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